

### PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED

- *Revista Española de Derecho Militar* (Spanish Military Law Review), Nos. 56-57, July-December 1990, January-July 1991, *Escuela Militar de Estudios Jurídicos* (Military School of Legal Studies), Ministry of Defence, Madrid.

This entire issue is devoted to the proposal to amend the Spanish Penal Code following Spain's ratification of Additional Protocols I and II of 1977. The study was undertaken by a Committee of Experts set up within the Spanish Red Cross Centre for Research on International Humanitarian Law, which is headed by Professor José Luis Fernández Flores.

After examining the obligation to incorporate and apply humanitarian law in Spanish law, the authors review earlier Spanish legislation on the suppression of violations. To remedy the shortcomings noted in the existing legislation, they propose that a new section be added to the Spanish Penal Code to cover offences committed against protected persons and property in situations of armed conflict and that the relevant provisions in the Military Penal Code be amended accordingly. The authors (Professor Manuel Pérez González, Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Javier Sánchez del Rio Sierra, Don José Luis Rodríguez-Villasante y Prieto, Mr. Fernando Pignatelli Meca, Mr. Francisco José Pulgarim de Miguel, members of the Centre, and Mr. Manuel Antón Ayllón, its secretary) base their proposal on an analysis of the laws of 27 countries relating to the suppression of breaches of humanitarian law. These provisions are published as an annex and constitute an invaluable source of reference material.

*María Teresa Dutli*

- Antonio Augusto Cançado Trindade (ed.), *Derechos humanos, desarrollo sustentable y medio ambiente* (Human rights, sustainable development and environment), Inter-American Institute of Human Rights / Inter-American Development Bank, San José de Costa Rica/Brasilia, 1992, 364 pp. (contributions in Spanish, Portuguese and English).

This book contains the papers presented at a seminar held in Brasilia in March 1992 under the auspices of the Inter-American Institute of Human Rights, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Friedrich Naumann Foundation and the International Development Agency. About fifty experts, most of them from Latin America, attended the event.

The seminar had two distinct objectives. The first was to conduct a general review of issues connected with development, human rights and environmental law, with particular reference to the relationship between these three concepts and their influence on each other. The second was to prepare an educational programme on the relationship between human rights and protection of the environment. To this end, the participants in the seminar submitted to the Inter-American Institute of Human Rights specific recommendations proposing that a model programme be set up in six Latin-American countries.

The work includes many original and substantial contributions. While some of them are rather theoretical, others afford a clear view of certain very real situations. These diverse approaches to the problem make for extremely interesting reading.

*Antoine Bouvier*

- Dieter Riesenberger, *Das Internationale Rote Kreuz 1863-1977 — Für Humanität in Krieg und Frieden* (The International Red Cross 1863-1977 — For humanity in war and peace), Van den Hoeck Collection, Göttingen, 1992, 300 pp.

This work, written by the Professor of Modern History at the University of Paderborn in Germany, describes the successive stages in the development of the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement from its beginnings up to the 1970s, placing them in their historical context.

In addition to documents in the public domain, the author had access to the archives of the German Red Cross and of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, and to German military archives. Several passages are devoted to the German Red Cross, in particular to its situation during and immediately after the Second World War.

Professor Riesenberger's book makes a significant contribution to knowledge of the Red Cross in the German-speaking parts of Europe.

*Françoise Perret*