of the central reception service of the Swiss Red Cross for child victims of the war. He also founded the Henry-Dunant Centre in 1943 and looked after some two hundred thousand foreign children who, because of the war, were sent to Switzerland and were given shelter there during the Second World War.

In 1944, Charles-André Schusselé joined the League of Red Cross Societies and remained a very active member of its staff until 1981. As Director of the Red Cross Youth Bureau (from 1952 to 1968), then as Director of International Relations of the League, Charles-André Schusselé made innumerable mission abroad, visited, advised and encouraged National Red Cross Societies and acquired friends throughout the world. He represented the League at numerous international meetings (in particular at UNESCO) and on many occasions was a member of the delegations sent by the League to take part in various international gatherings.

Despite his many commitments throughout the world, Charles-André Schusselé remained a very active member of the local Geneva section of the Swiss Red Cross. Moreover, in 1963, on the occasion of the Red Cross Centenary, he chaired the Organizing Committee of the World Conference of Educators at Lausanne, and in 1978, he was the head of the Organizing Committee for the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the birth of Henry Dunant.

Charles-André Schusselé will long be remembered by his many friends.

Republic of Mauritius accedes to Protocols

On 22 March 1982, the Republic of Mauritius deposited its instruments of accession to the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and relating to the Protection of Victims of International and Non-International Armed Conflicts (Protocols I and II), adopted in Geneva on 8 June 1977.

The instruments were registered on 22 March 1982 and the Protocols, in accordance with their provisions, will enter into force for Mauritius on 22 September 1982.

This accession brings to twenty-two the number of States parties to Protocol I, and twenty to Protocol II.